

Developing Cyber Resilience for Financial Institutions with TIBER-EU

Overview

The financial services industry remains among the most targeted industrial sectors in the world, facing an evolving threat landscape with a wide range of dedicated threat actors.

Regulators and consumers reasonably expect these organizations to effectively protect their data. As they attempt to fulfill this expectation, financial institutions must also fully comply with the various established security related standards, rules and regulations.

There are several frameworks and regulations that define world-class cyber security standards in the financial sector, but most do not take an active approach to testing how defenses hold up during an actual attack.

The TIBER-EU framework was developed as the first EU-wide guide on how authorities, security providers and financial entities should work together to test and improve cyber resilience of those entities using controlled cyber attacks.

Mandiant can test your defenses and help improve your security posture by conducting TIBER-EU tests that mimic the tactics, techniques and procedures of real life attackers, reveal your organizations strengths and weaknesses and enable you to reach a higher level of cyber maturity.

The TIBER-EU Framework

The Threat Intelligence Based Ethical Red Teaming (TIBER) EU is a framework published by the European Central Bank for delivering “a controlled, bespoke, intelligence-led red team test of entities’ critical live production systems.”¹

The aims of TIBER-EU are as follows: to improve the protection, detection and response capabilities of entities; to enhance the resilience of the financial sector; and to provide assurance to the authorities about the cyber resilience capabilities of the entities under their responsibility.

TIBER-EU is a common framework across the Eurozone, with national implementations adopted on a voluntary basis by single jurisdictions (e.g., TIBER-NL, TIBER-DK, and TIBER-BE). The framework’s purpose is to provide guidance to critical financial institutions (“entities”) on setting up intelligence-led red team tests to improve protection, detection and response capabilities against sophisticated cyber threats. Entities may include banks, stock exchanges, payment institutions, credit rating agencies and asset management companies.

The overall objective of a TIBER test is to enhance the cyber resilience of tested entities, revealing their strengths and weaknesses before they are exploited by real threat actors.

¹ European Central Bank (May 2018). TIBER-EU Framework: How to implement the European framework for Threat Intelligence-based Ethical Red Teaming.

Mandiant TIBER Engagements

Mandiant TIBER engagements use a blend of cyber threat intelligence and red team operations:

- **Threat Intelligence:** Includes all actions necessary to fulfill the requirements of the Targeted Threat Intelligence Report (TTIR) for tested entity. The TTIR provides accurate and up to date attack scenarios to ensure that the red team test is aligned to the tested entity's threat profile.

- **Red teaming:** Consists of a multi-phase, targeted attack against the tested entity and its assets using scenarios derived from the TTIR. After the tests are completed, the red team provider presents its results, which include a high level summary of the engagement and the outcomes, a detailed breakdown of all findings with technical details and techniques used, analysis of root causes and attack path flows and recommendations for both immediate fixes and strategic changes to improve the entity's security posture.

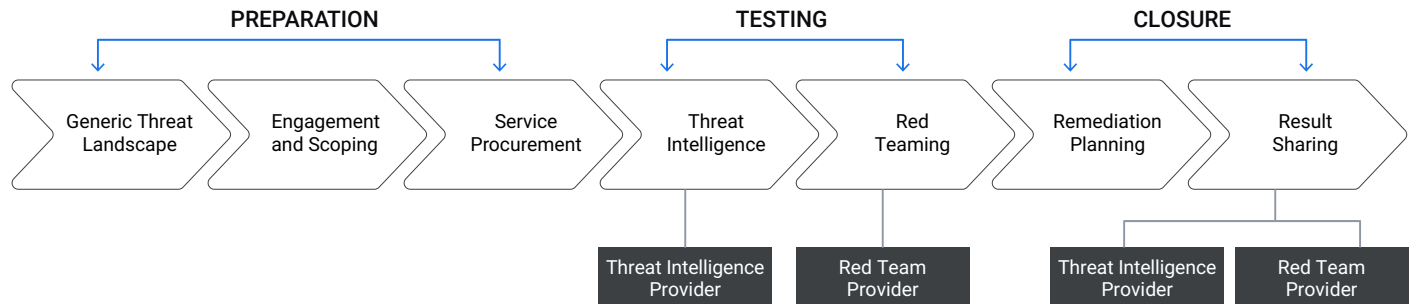


FIGURE 1. How threat intelligence and red teaming fit into TIBER engagements.

The Role of Industry-Leading Mandiant Threat Intelligence

Threat intelligence is vital to defining customized attack scenarios and relevant threat actors for the tested entity. The high-fidelity threat intelligence used in Mandiant TIBER engagements combines in-depth knowledge of threat actors in the financial services industry with the national generic threat landscape (GTL), and a targeted attack surface analysis for the tested entity.

Mandiant red team consultants use cyber threat intelligence to develop and execute their testing plans. This process ensures that the testing efforts, as well as findings and observations, are aligned with the tested entity's realworld threat profile.

Mandiant has access to a vast body of threat intelligence collected from our incident response experts responding to thousands of significant breaches across the globe and across industries, with the financial sector as one of the most critical areas.

This victim intelligence is combined with unparalleled adversary intelligence gathered by Mandiant Threat Intelligence, machine intelligence gathered through the client's sensor install base, and campaign intelligence gathered via Mandiant's seven global advanced SOCs which protect hundreds of Mandiant Managed Defense customers 24x7. The result: TTIRs reflect actionable threat intelligence on the latest attacker groups, their targets, objectives and tactics, techniques and procedures (TTPs).

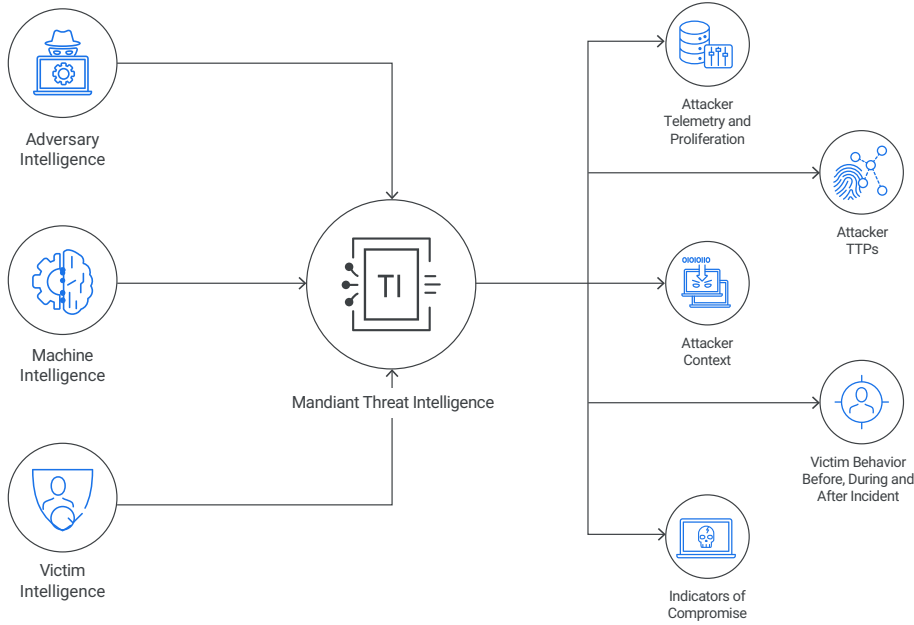


FIGURE 2. Elements of the extensive, multifaceted Mandiant intelligence offering.

Mandiant has more than 300+ intelligence analysts and security researchers located in 26+ countries, speaking 30+ languages and monitoring many diverse threat actors. We collect between 600,000 and one million malware samples per day for analysis from more than 70 different sources. We currently track more than one million attacker personas and identify approximately one million stolen payment cards per month on the dark web.

Mandiant monitors hundreds of threat groups, including over 40 APT threat groups, 10 FIN threat groups, and hundreds of uncategorized (UNC) groups. Comprehensive profiles of these threat groups are built and maintained, and include target industries, attack motivation and TTPs. In many cases, these TTPs are mapped to the MITRE ATT&CK™ framework, providing opportunities to effectively design, test and measure detection and response capabilities using the widely adopted taxonomy of that framework.

The Depth of Mandiant Red Teaming

Mandiant incident responders have been on the frontlines of the world’s most complex breaches since 2004, gaining a deep understanding of both existing and emerging threat actors, as well as their rapidly changing TTPs. By applying knowledge of the latest attacker techniques and toolsets, to red team exercises, we support organizations in their efforts to assess and mature the effectiveness of their cyber resilience capabilities.

Mandiant consultants have heavy representation worldwide, including well-situated senior consultants across the EU. They have worked on critical red team engagements, including the UK CBEST initiative and other critical nation infrastructure (CNI) clients throughout Europe.

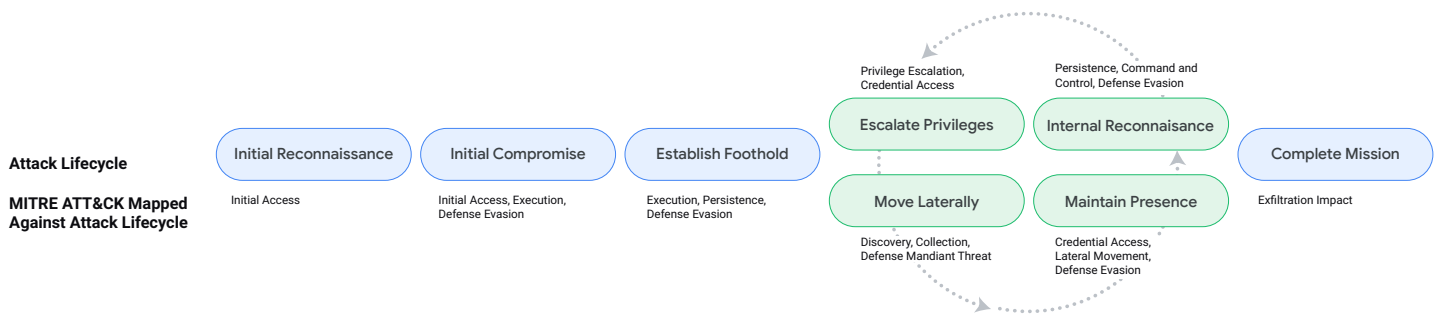


FIGURE 3. The Mandiant team tests the client security team’s capabilities against every phase of the attack lifecycle.

Mandiant red team engagements use a systematic, targeted and reproducible methodology, fully mapped to the MITRE ATT&CK framework. Leveraging intelligence from the Generic Threat Landscape Report and the Targeted Threat Intelligence Report, attacker behavior is simulated across each phase to accomplish the agreed upon attack scenarios and objectives.

TABLE 1. Example red team objectives.

| Objective | Task | Activity |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Funds transfer | Break into the entity's secure financial services | Take control of client operator workstations and stage a payment transfer message to an outside entity |
| PII theft | Access sensitive customer records | Bypass internal security controls and access customer databases or information stores |
| Deploy ransomware | Evaluate client susceptibility to wide-scale ransomware attack | Verify internal defenses against ransomware auto-spreading capabilities |
| Domain control | Acquire full domain control | Escalate internal privileges and access rights to gain full control of client domains and networks |
| Insider threat | Assess client defenses against physical penetration and rogue devices | Deploy rogue device with external communication capabilities and attempt to escalate access |

The red team assessment ultimately provides the client with a fact-based risk analysis, and both tactical and strategic recommendations for both immediate and longterm improvements. Post engagement workshops can be tailored to specific client needs and can target board-level executive briefings as well as technical blue-team leader roundtables.

Sustained, Proven Support for TIBER-EU Initiatives

The TIBER-EU framework provides guidance to financial entities on how to conduct a threat-intelligence ethical red team engagement, but organizations still need to partner with a competent security firm to conduct these simulations. Industry leading threat intelligence and extensive red team expertise from Mandiant can help. Our experts regularly conduct red team engagements worldwide, across all industries sectors and government and have ready access to our world leading threat intelligence. Engagements can be tailored to meet your needs: Mandiant can operate either as a red team provider, a threat intelligence provider, or both.