

# SDG7 Energy Compact of Pimpri Chinchwad Municipal Corporation

A next Decade Action Agenda to advance SDG7 on sustainable energy for all, in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement on Climate Change

# SECTION 1: AMBITION

**1.1.** Ambitions to achieve SDG7 by 2030. [*Please select all that apply, and make sure to state the baseline of each target*]

(Member States targets could be based on their NDCs, energy policies, national five-year plans etc. targets for companies/organizations could be based on their corporate strategy)

7.1. By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable, and modern energy services.	
7.2. By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix.	Target(s): Installation of waste to energy plant of 14 MW capacity Time frame: 2018 to 2023 Baseline: Construction work of the plan has already been started in 2018. The plant will be operationalized by 2023. Context for the ambition(s): In recent times waste-to-energy has been increasingly viewed as a solution to the problems derived from rising waste quantities in expanding cities as well as rapidly growing energy demands. The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) call for improvements in waste management practices as a basic service to citizens. The project considers treatment of waste to energy in this context.
	<ul> <li>Target(s): Installation of rooftop solar plants of 10 MW on all government buildings</li> <li>Time Frame: The targeted year to complete the project is 2030</li> <li>Baseline: Approx. 892KW capacity solar plant already installed on various Government buildings of which the commencement started in 2019.</li> <li>Context: In present times, the world has been adopting renewable power at a rapid rate. India is also emerging in the global arena as a leading generator of renewable energy. Rooftop solar installations can help in cutting down electricity bills.</li> </ul>

	Rooftop panels supply electricity to buildings, so they need to buy less electricity from the grid thereby saving on energy costs.
□ <b>7.3.</b> By 2030, double the global	Target(s): Bio-Methanation plant to convert hotel waste to biogas of a 50 TPD capacity Time frame: 2021 to 2023 Baseline: Publication of tender for onboarding the agencies/ contractor for the first- bio methanation plant is in process. It is targeted to allot the work order by November 2021 and commencing the construction of the plant by Jan/ Feb 2022. The plant will be operationalized by 2023. Context for the ambition(s): The purpose of the Bio-Methanation Plant is to utilize hotel waste to produce biogas which will be used as fuel for commercial as well as domestic purpose. It will be used as fuel in gas-based engines and will be accessible to the citizens at affordable price. Waste disposal, which is a serious concern (since it requires large dumping lands and can also lead to foul odor and pollution), will also be addressed as an integral part of the project. Target(s):
rate of improvement in energy efficiency.	Time frame: Baseline: Context for the ambition(s):
7.a. By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology.	Target(s): Time frame: Baseline: Context for the ambition(s):
7.b. By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing	<ul> <li>Target(s): Installation of Electric Vehicle Charging Station across the city</li> <li>Time frame: 2022 to 2028</li> <li>Baseline: Proposals from the consultants are being reviewed. MoU will be finalized in 2-3 months and installation work of the EV charging station will commence by 2022.</li> <li>Context for the ambition(s): The transition to electric mobility is a promising global strategy for decarbonizing the transport sector. India is among a handful of countries that support the global EV30@30 campaign, which targets to have at least 30% of new vehicle sales be electric by 2030. An accessible and robust network of electric vehicle (EV) charging infrastructure is an essential pre-requisite for achieving this ambitious transition.</li> </ul>

countries, in accordance with their	
respective programs of support.	

#### 1.2. Other ambitions in support of SDG7 by 2030 and net-zero emissions by 2050. [Please describe below e.g., coal phase out or reforming fossil fuel subsidies etc.]

Target(s): Aim to achieve 100 per cent collection and segregation of waste at source in Pimpri Chinchwad

Time frame: 2021 to 2023

Baseline: The initiative has already been started in 4 wards in August 2021. The target is to start the collection and segregation of waste in all wards by October 2021 and making the city bin-free by 2022-23.

Context for the ambition(s): Waste generation has witnessed an increasing trend parallel to the development of industrialization, urbanization, and rapid growth of population. The problem has become one of the primary urban environmental issues. Poor management of waste has led to contamination of water, soil, and atmosphere and in turn to a major impact on public health. To make the city healthy and livable, the primary step is to segregate the waste and dispose of it in a proper way. To make the city clean and bin-free, waste segregation at source is the only way to achieve the aim.

### SECTION 2: ACTIONS TO ACHIEVE THE AMBITION

2.1. Please add at least one key action for each of the elaborated ambition(s) from section 1. [Please add rows as needed].

Bio-methanation plant to convert hotel waste to biogas of a 50 TPD capacity	Jan/ Feb 2022 - 2023
Action: Allotment of work order by November 2021, commencement of construction work by January/ February 2022 and will be operationalized by 2023	
Installation of waste to energy plant with a 14 MW capacity	2018 - 2023
Action: Expediting and closely monitoring the construction work to achieve the targeted timeline by 2023.	
Installation of rooftop solar plants of 10 MW on all government buildings	2019 - 2030
Action: Feasibility study of remaining Govt. buildings to install rooftop solar plant and upcoming new construction will be	
encouraged to install solar power plant.	
Installation of Electric Vehicle Charging Station across the city	2022 - 2028
Action: Identifying feasible locations for installing EV Charging Stations across Pimpri Chinchwad. Installation work of the EV	
charging station will commence by 2022 and other actions leading up to 2028.	
Aim to achieve 100 per cent collection and segregation of waste at source	August 2021 - 2023
Action: Empanelment of the Agencies for capacity building to achieve 100% waste collection and segregation in remaining wards	

# SECTION 3: OUTCOMES

3.1. Please add at least one measurable and time-based outcome for **<u>each</u>** of the actions from section 2. [Please add rows as needed].

Bio-methanation plant to convert hotel waste to biogas of a 50 TPD capacity	Date	
Outcome: Production of biogas which will be used as an alternative for conventional fuels for commercial and	2023	
domestic purposes at affordable price.		
Reduction in amount of waste entering landfills, Reduction in emission of greenhouse gases		
Installation of waste to energy plant with a 14 MW capacity	2023	
Outcome: Generation of energy by recycling waste		
Reduction in amount of waste entering landfills		
Reduction in emission of greenhouse gases		
Installation of rooftop solar plants of 10 MW on all government buildings	2030	
Outcome: Generation of energy leading to increase in the share of renewable energy		
Increase in number of solar projects in the city as demonstration effect of our initiative		
Installation of Electric Vehicle Charging Station across the city	2028	
Outcome: Larger-scale deployment of renewable energy		
Increase in number of EVs because of availability of suitable infrastructure		
Reduction in air pollution.		
Aim to achieve 100 per cent collection and segregation of waste at source	2023	
Outcome: Effective management of solid waste		
improvement of the hygiene standard of the city.		
prevention of water and air borne diseases		

## SECTION 4: REQUIRED RESOURCES AND SUPPORT

4.1. Please specify required finance and investments for **<u>each</u>** of the actions in section 2.

For electric vehicle charging station infrastructure financing would be required.

4.2. [For countries only] In case support is required for the actions in section 2, please select from below and describe the required support and specify for which action. [Examples of support for Member States could include: Access to low-cost affordable debt through strategic de-risking instruments, capacity building in data collection; development of integrated energy plans and energy transition pathways; technical assistance, etc.]

Financing	
□ In-Kind contribution	Description
Technical Support	Description
Other/Please     specify	Description

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# SECTION 5: IMPACT

5.1. Countries planned for implementation including the number of people potentially impacted.

As per Census 2011, the population of the Pimpri Chinchwad City is 1.727 million which will potentially be impacted by each of the ambitions mentioned in section 1.

5.2. Alignment with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development – Please describe how <u>each</u> of the actions from section 2 impact advancing the SDGs by 2030. [up to 500 words, please upload supporting strategy documents as needed]

All the mentioned actions for each of the ambitions ensures healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages (SDG 3), access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all (SDG 7), build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation (SDG 9), taking urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (SDG 13), and strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development (SDG 17).

This also support the India's Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) which includes to achieve 40% installed electricity capacity from non-fossil fuel sources and reducing GH emissions intensity per unit of GDP by 33-35 %.

5.3. Alignment with Paris Agreement and net-zero by 2050 - Please describe how **each** of the actions from section 2 align with the Paris Agreement and national NDCs (if applicable) and support the net-zero emissions by 2050.

[up to 500 words, please upload supporting strategy documents as needed]

All ambitions are aligned with the India's Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) to the 2015 Paris Agreement which includes:

 $\circ~$  Achieve 40% installed electricity capacity from non-fossil fuel sources

• Reduce GHG emissions intensity per unit of GDP by 33-35% below 2005

#### SECTION 6: MONITORING AND REPORTING

6.1. Please describe how you intend to track the progress of the proposed outcomes in section 3. Please also describe if you intend to use other existing reporting frameworks to track progress on the proposed outcomes.

Monitoring framework will be designed based on the data, reports, and resources available in consultation with respective departments.

#### SECTION 7: GUIDING PRINCIPLES CHECK LIST

Please use the checklist below to validate that the proposed Energy Compact is aligned with the guiding principles.

**I. Stepping up ambition and accelerating action** - Increase contribution of and accelerate the implementation of the SDG7 targets in support of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development for Paris Agreement

I. 1. Does the Energy Compact strengthen and/or add a target, commitment, policy, action related to SDG7 and its linkages to the other SDGs that results in a higher cumulative impact compared to existing frameworks?

 $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

*I.2.* Does the Energy Compact increase the geographical and/or sectoral coverage of SDG7 related efforts?  $\square$  Yes  $\square$  No

1.3. Does the Energy Compact consider inclusion of key priority issues towards achieving SDG7 by 2030 and the net-zero emission goal of the Paris Agreement by 2050 - as defied by latest global analysis and data including the outcome of the Technical Working Groups? 🛛 Yes 🗆 No

**II. Alignment with the 2030 agenda on Sustainable Development Goals** – Ensure coherence and alignment with SDG implementation plans and strategies by 2030 as well as national development plans and priorities.

II.1. Has the Energy Compact considered enabling actions of SDG7 to reach the other sustainable development goals by 2030?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

II.2. Does the Energy Compact align with national, sectoral, and/or sub-national sustainable development strategies/plans, including SDG implementation plans/roadmaps?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

II.3. Has the Energy Compact considered a timeframe in line with the Decade of Action?  $\square$  Yes  $\square$  No

**III. Alignment with Paris Agreement and net-zero by 2050** - Ensure coherence and alignment with the Nationally Determined Contributions, long term net zero emission strategies.

III.1. Has the Energy Compact considered a timeframe in line with the net-zero goal of the Paris Agreement by 2050? oxtimes Yes  $\Box$  No

III.2. Has the Energy Compact considered energy-related targets and information in the updated/enhanced NDCs?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

III.3. Has the Energy Compact considered alignment with reaching the net-zero emissions goal set by many countries by 2050?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

**IV. Leaving no one behind, strengthening inclusion, interlinkages, and synergies** - Enabling the achievement of SDGs and just transition by reflecting interlinkages with other SDGs.

IV.1. Does the Energy Compact include socio-economic impacts of measures being considered?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\Box$  No

IV.2. Does the Energy Compact identify steps towards an inclusive, just energy transition?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

IV.3. Does the Energy Compact consider measures that address the needs of the most vulnerable groups (e.g., those impacted the most by energy transitions, lack of energy access)?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

**V. Feasibility and Robustness** - Commitments and measures are technically sound, feasible, and verifiable based a set of objectives with specific performance indicators, baselines, targets, and data sources as needed.

V.1. Is the information included in the Energy Compact based on updated quality data and sectoral assessments, with clear and transparent methodologies related to the proposed measures?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

V.2. Has the Energy Compact considered inclusion of a set of SMART (specific, measurable, achievable, resource-based and time based) objectives?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

V.3. Has the Energy Compact considered issues related to means of implementation to ensure feasibility of measures proposed (e.g., cost and financing strategy, technical assistant needs and partnerships, policy and regulatory gaps, data and technology)?  $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No

# SECTION 8: ENERGY COMPACT GENERAL INFORMATION

8.1. Title/name of the Energy Compact

Pimpri Chinchwad Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra, India

8.2. Lead entity name (for joint Energy Compacts please list all parties and include, in parenthesis, its entity type, using entity type from below)

Pimpri Chinchwad Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra, India						
8.3. Lead entity type						
□ Government	⊠ Local/Regional Government	Multilateral body /Intergovernmental Organization				
Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)	Civil Society organization/Youth	Organization				
		Academic Institution /Scientific Community				
Private Sector	Philanthropic Organization	$\Box$ Other relevant actor				
8.4. Contact Information						
Sanjay Kulkarni, Jt. City Engineer, Environment Department, PCMC <u>s.kulkarni@pcmcindia.gov.in</u> cto@pcmcindia.gov.in						
8.5. Please select the geographical coverage of the Energy Compact □Africa ⊠Asia and Pacific □Europe □Latin America and Caribbean □North America □West Asia □Global						
8.6. Please select the Energy Compact thematic focus area(s)						
🗆 Energy Access 🛛 Energy Transition 🗆 Enabling SDGs through inclusive just Energy Transitions 🔷 Innovation, Technology and Data 🗅 Finance and Investment.						

#### **SECTION 9: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (IF REQUIRED)**

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# शहर होणार कचराकुंडीमुक्त

#### पिंपरी : पुढारी वृत्तसेवा

पिंपरी-चिंचवड शहरामध्ये इंदूर शहराच्या धर्तीवर कचरा व कचराकुंडीमुक्त संकल्पना राबविण्यात येत आहे. त्यासाठी प्रायोगिक तत्वावर शहरातील ४ प्रभागांमध्ये ओला व सुका कचरा वेगळा घेण्यास सुरुवात झाली आहे. हा प्रकल्प संपूर्ण शहरात राबविण्यात येणार असून, जनजागृतीसाठी ठेकेदार संस्था नियुक्त केल्या जाणार आहेत. ही प्रक्रिया येत्या २ महिन्यांत पूर्ण करून काम सुरू करण्यात येणार आहे. त्यासाठी महिन्यास दीड कोटीचा खर्च अपेक्षित आहे.

मध्य प्रदेश राज्यातील इंदूर शहराने कचराकुंडीमुक्त शहर म्हणून देशात नावलौकिक मिळविला आहे. स्वच्छ शहर अभियानात शहर अव्वल आहे. तेथील संकल्पना शहरात रावविण्यासाठी आयुक्त राजेश पाटील हे आग्रही आहेत. त्यासाठी पालिकेचे पदाधिकारी व अधिकारी इंदूर शहराचा दौरा करून आले आहेत.

त्यानुसार ७, १५, २८ व २९ या प्रभागात प्रायोगिक तत्त्वावर घराघरांतून ओला व सुका कचरा इंदूर पॅटर्नची प्रायोगिक तत्त्वावर सुरुवात
 ओला व सका कचरा वेगळा देण्याबाबत जनजागृती

स्वच्छ भारत अभियानात शहराचे नाव उंचावणार घराघरातून ओला व सुका कचरा देण्याबाबत शहरभरात जनजागृती केली जाणार आहे. त्यासाठी एजन्सी नियुक्त करण्याची प्रक्रिया सुरू आहे. ही योजना शहरात यशस्वी झाल्यास शहर कचराकुंडीमुक्त होणार आहे. तसेच, स्वच्छ भारत अभियानात शहराचे नाव उंचावणार आहे, असे आरोग्य विभागाचे उपायुक्त संदीप खोत यांनी सांगितले.

सोसायट्या, झोपडपट्ट्या, घरे, दकाने

व आस्थापनाची संख्या व लोकसंख्या

यांची माहिती एकत्रित केली जाणार

आहे. त्याआधारे घरटी शुल्काचा दर निश्चित करून इच्छुक ठेकेदार

एजन्सीना आमंत्रित केले जाणार आहे.

काम करण्यास तयार असलेल्या

एजन्सीला जनजागृतीचे काम दिले जाणार आहे. हे काम ८ क्षेत्रीय

कार्यालयानुसार विभागले जाणार आहे. येत्या दोन महिन्यात ही संपूर्ण

प्रक्रिया पूर्ण करण्याचे आरोगय

विभागाचे नियोजन आहे. त्यासाठी

महिन्याला सुमारे दीडकोटीचा खर्च

अपेक्षित आहे.

पालिकेच्या दरापेक्षा कमी दरात

वेगवेगळा देण्यावावत जनजागृती केली जात आहे. त्यासाठी निविदा प्रक्रिया न रावविता घरटी १९ रुपये शुल्क पालिका बेसिक्स म्युनिसिपल वेस्ट व्हेंचर्स या इंदूरच्या एजन्सीला देत आहे. त्यासाठी दरमहा १८ लाख ७२ हजार ३५५ रुपयांप्रमाणे एकूण ५६ लाख १७ हजार खर्चास स्थायी समितीने १६ जुलैला मान्यता दिली आहे. ते काम एजन्सीमार्कत संबंधित प्रभागात सुरू झाले आहे.

आता ही जनजागृती शहरभर राबविले जाणार आहे. त्यासाठी दर (रेक्वेस्ट फॉर प्रपोजल) मागवून निविदा प्रक्रिया राबविली जाणार आहे. प्रत्येक प्रभागातील हाउसिंग

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 70/2/1, Shri Ram Colony, Pimple Saudagar, Pimpri-Chinchwad, Maharashtra 411027, India

 Latitude 18.599246°

 Longitude 73.802009°

 LOCAL 10:14:50 GMT 04:44:50 WEDNESDAY 09:08.2021 ALTIFUDE 496 METER





Waste to Energy Plant @ Moshi

https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/city/pune/waste-project-t o-start-in-2-months/articleshow/69909163.cms

Solar plant

https://indianexpress.com/article/cities/pune/pcmc-gets-solarplant-for-its-science-park-6207676/



Waste collection and segregation

